N35VC 1969 Cessna 401A

POH Performance



MSN: 401A0126

Prepared by the worldwide aviation specialists at RidgeAire, Inc.



MORE PEOPLE EUY AND FLY CESSNA AIRPLANES THAN ANY OTHER MAKE



WORLD'S LARGEST PRODUCER OF GENERAL AVIATION AIRCRAFT

OWNER'S MANUAL

PERFORMANCE AND SPECIFICATIONS

GROSS WEIGHT:													
Takeoff .													6300 lbs.
Landing		*					4						6200 lbs.
SPEED BEST POWER MIXTU	RE:		٠										
Maximum - 16, 000 ft.					•	•		-		•			261 mph.
Maximum Recommended C 75 c Power at 20, 000 ft.	ruise												• • •
RANGE, NORMAL LEAN MID	TURE			•		•	•	,		٠	,	•	240 mph.
Maximum Recommended C	ruise												
75 b Power at 10, 000 ft.													660 mi,
100 Gallons, No Reserv											,		3. 05 hrs.
													216 mph.
75% Power at 10,000 ft.					•			•					924 mi.
140 Gallons, No Reserv	с.						•	•	•	٠	•	•	4. 27 hrs.
75° Power at 10, 000 ft.													216 mph.
180 Gallons, No Reserv		·				:		:	:			•	1186 ml, 5. 49 hrs,
100 Gallona, 100 Files	-		51					10.50					216 mph.
75% Power at 20, 000 ft.		,						,					694 mi.
100 Gallons, No Reserve	е.			,	٠			٠					2. 94 hrs.
													236 mph.
75 è Power at 20,000 ft.				•				•	•		•		972 mi.
140 Gallons, No Reserve	е.			•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•		4. 12 hrs.
75% Power at 20, 000 ft.													236 mph 1248 ml.
180 Gallons, No Reserve										•			5. 29 hrs.
The Galleria Tree Control											-		236 mph.
Maximum Range													
10,000 (t., 100 Gallons,	No Re	serve											808 mi.
													4.70 hrs.
													172 mph.
10,000 ft., 140 Gallons,	No Re	serve				•	•		•		•		1131 mi. 6.58 hrs.
													172 mph.
10,000 ft., 180 Gallons,	No Re	serve											1453 mi.
10,000 10, 100 021-10,					-		-	-					8, 45 hrs.
													172 mph.
25, 000 ft., 100 Gallons,	No Re	serve											808 mi.
													3,76 hrs.
20 000 0 140 0 11													215 mph, 1131 mi,
25, 000 ft., 140 Gallons,	No Re	serve		•	•	•			•	•	•		5. 26 hrs.
													215 mph.
25, 000 ft., 180 Gallons,	No Re	serve											1454 ml.
,,,													6.76 hrs.
													215 mph.
RATE OF CLIMB AT SEA LEY	VEL:												1010 (
Twin Engine				-	•	•	•	•					1610 fpm. 255 fpm.
Single Engine			-	•	•	-	•	•	•		•	•	zoo ipiii.
Twin Engine													26, 180 ft.
Single Engine				:		•	:	:	·	ī	,		11, 700 ft.
TAKEOFF PERFORMANCE:	Takeof	f Speed	(105 M	1PH)								
Ground Run								-				•	1695 ft.
Total Distance Over 50-foot				•	. •	•		•		•	-	•	2220 ft.
LANDING PERFORMANCE: A	pproac	:h Spee	d (110	MP	H)								777 ft.
Ground Run	. ~		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1765 ft.
Total Distance Over 50-foot EMPTY WEIGHT: (Approximately)	t Ubsta	rcre .	•	•	•	•		•	•	:	•	•	3669 lbs.
BAGGAGE ALLOWANCE:	ue,		:	•	•	:		:	:	÷			930 lbs.
WING LOADING:		: :											32. 2 lba./eq. ft
POWER LOADING:										•	•	•	10.5 lbs./hp.
FUEL CAPACITY: TOTAL													102 gale.
Standard				•	•	٠		•	•	•	•	•	143 gale.
Optional Auxiliary Tanks Optional Auxiliary Tanks as	d Wie	· Look	. T		•	•		•	•	•	:		184 gale.
OLL CAPACITY: TOTAL	MIN	, were	F 12M		•	:		:	:	4	4		6. 5 gals.
ENGINES:			•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	٠.,		- 7	US\$11
Continental 6-Cylinder Tur	bochar	ged											
Fuel Injection Engines											•	•	T810-520-E
300 Rated HP at 2700 Prop	eller R	PM and	t										
34. 5" MP to 16,000 ft. PROPELLERS:													
Constant Speed, Full Feath	erine	Three	Risdad										
76. 5" Diameter .											34	F32 C	87/82NC-5. 5
		-					-						

CONGRATULATIONS . .

Welcome to the ranks of Cessna Owners. Your Cessna has been designed and constructed to give you the most in performance, economy, and comfort. It is our desire that you will find flying it, either for business or pleasure, a pleasant and profitable experience.

This Owner's Manual has been prepared as a guide to help you get the most pleasure and utility from your Model 401A. It contains information about your Cessna's equipment, operating procedures, and performance; and suggestions for its servicing and care. We urge you to read it from cover to cover and to refer to it frequently.

Our interest in your flying pleasure has not ceased with your purchase of a Cessna. World-wide the Cessna Dealer Organization, backed by the Cessna Service Department, stands ready to serve you. The following services are offered by most Cessna Dealers:

FACTORY TRAINED PERSONNEL to provide you with courteous expert service.

FACTORY APPROVED SERVICE EQUIPMENT to provide you with the most efficient and accurate workmanship possible.

A STOCK OF GENUINE CESSNA SERVICE PARTS on hand when you need them.

THE LATEST AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION FOR SERVICING CESSNA AIRPLANES, since Cessna Dealers have all of the Service Manuals and Parts Catalogs, kept current by Service Letters and Service News Letters published by Cessna Aircraft Company.

We urge all Cessna owners' to use the Cessna Dealer Organization to the fullest.

A current Cessna Dealer Directory accompanies your new airplane. The Directory is revised frequently, and a current copy can be obtained from your Cessna Dealer. Make your Directory one of your cross-country flight planning aids; a warm welcome awaits you at every Cessna Dealer.

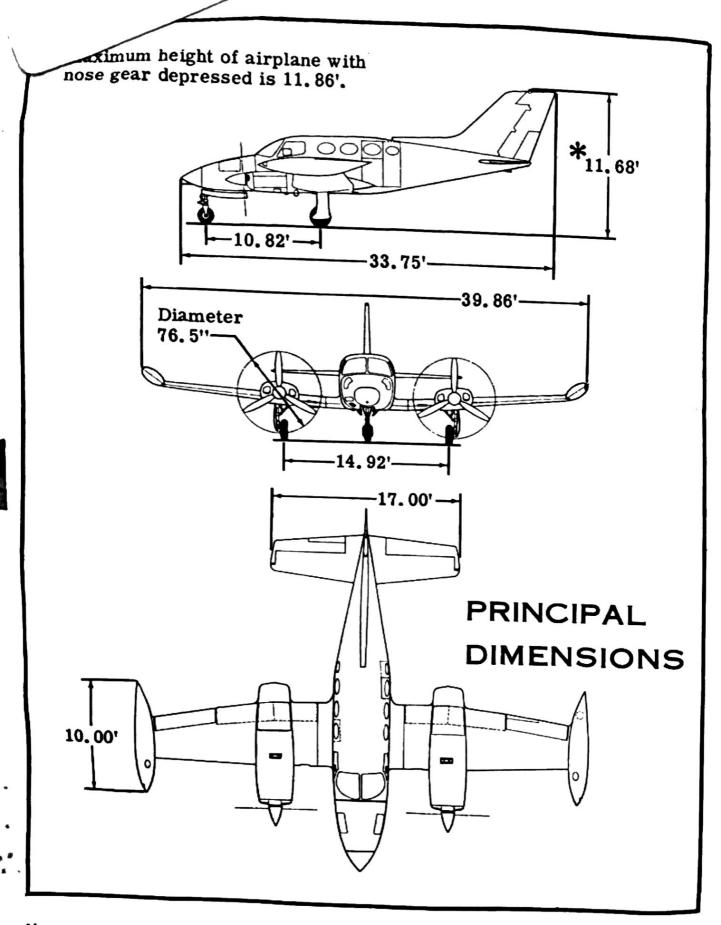


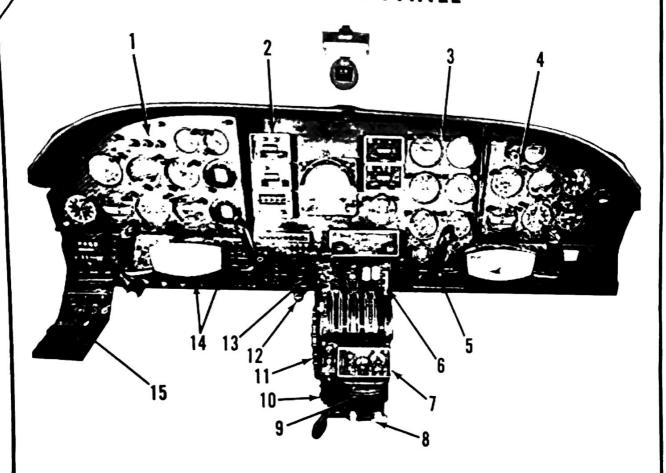
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INSTRUMENT PANEL



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- 3 ENGINE INSTRUMENT GROUPING
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- 5. HEATER CONTROL PANEL
- 6. FLAP POSITION SWITCH
- 7. AUTO-PILOT CONTROL HEAD (OPTIONAL)

- 8. COWL FLAP CONTROLS
- 9. RUDDER TRIM TAB CONTROL WHEEL
- 10 AILERON TRIM TAB CONTROL
- 11. ELEVATOR TRIM TAB CONTROL WHEEL
- 12. OXYGEN CONTROL
- 13. LANDING GEAR POSITION SWITCH
- 14. ALTERNATE AIR CONTROLS
- 15. SWITCH AND CIRCUIT BREAKER PANEL



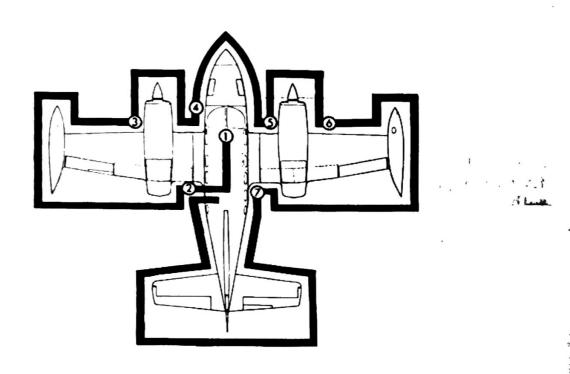
SECTION I OPERATING CHECKLIST

One of the first steps in obtaining the utmost performance service, and flying enjoyment from your Cessna Model 401A is to familiarize yourself with your aircrafts equipment, systems, and controls. This can best be done while setting in the airplane. Those items whose functions and operation are not obvious are covered in Section II.

Section I lists in Checklist Form, the steps necessary to operate your aircraft efficiently and safely. It covers briefly all the points that you should know concerning the information you need for a typical flight.

The flight and operational characteristics of your airplane are normal in all respects. All controls respond in the normal way within the entire range of operation. All airspeeds mentioned in Sections I and II are indicated airspeeds unless otherwise noted. Corresponding calibrated airspeeds may be obtained from the Airspeed Calibration Chart in Section VI.

PREFLIGHT INSPECTION



- 1. a. Control Lock REMOVE and STOW.
 - b. Parking Brake SET.
 - c. All Switches OFF.
 - d. Landing Gear Switch DOWN.
 - e. Battery Switch ON.
 - f. Fuel Gages CHECK QUANTITY and OPERATION.
 - g. Flaps EXTEND.
 - h. Battery Switch OFF.
 - i. Left Fuel Selector LEFT MAIN (feel for detent).
 - j. Right Fuel Selector RIGHT MAIN (feel for detent).
 - k. Trim Tab Controls (3) NEUTRAL.
 - 1. Oxygen CHECK QUANTITY, MASKS and HOSES OFF.

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Specie-

- a. Battery Compartment Cover SECURE.
 - b. Wing Locker Baggage Door SECURE.
 - c. Flap CHECK SECURITY and ATTACHMENT.
 - d. Wing Locker Sump DRAIN.
 - e. Control Surface Lock REMOVE.
 - f. Aileron and tab CHECK CONDITION and FREEDOM OF MOVEMENT.
 - g. Fuel Sump (Main Tank) DRAIN.
 - h. Fuel Vent and Sniffle Valve CLEAR.
 - i. Fuel Quantity (Main Tank) CHECK, CAP SECURE.
 - j. Stall Warning Vane CHECK FREEDOM OF MOVEMENT.
 - k. Wing Tie Down REMOVE.
 - 1. Fuel Quantity (Auxiliary Tank) CHECK, CAP SECURE.
 - m. Fuel Sump (Auxiliary Tank and Wing Locker Transfer Lime)-DRAIN.
 - n. Fuel Vent (Wing Locker Tank) CLEAR, CAP SECURE.
- 3. a. Fuel Strainer DRAIN.
 - b. Cowl Flap SECURE.
 - c. Engine Compartment General Condition CHECK.
 - d. Oil Level CHECK, MINIMUM 9 QUARTS.
 - e. Propeller and Spinner EXAMINE FOR NICKS, SECURITY and OIL LEAKS.
 - f. Cowl Flap SECURE.
 - g. Main Gear, Strut, Doors and Tire CHECK.
 - h. Leading Edge Air Intake CLEAR.
 - Cross Feed Line DRAIN.
- 4. a. Baggage Door SECURE.
 - b. Nose Gear, Strut, Doors and Tire CHECK.
 - c. Pitot Cover (If Installed) REMOVE, Pitot Tube CLEAR.
 - d. Tie Down REMOVE
 - e. Heater Inlet CLEAR.
 - f. Baggage Door SECURE.
- 5. a. Crossfeed Line DRAIN.
 - b. Leading Edge Air Intake CLEAR.
 - c. Main Gear, Strut, Doors and Tire CHECK.
 - d. Cowl Flap SECURE.
 - e. Fuel Quantity (Wing Locker Tank) CHECK, CAP SECURE.
 - f. Oil Level CHECK, MINIMUM 9 QUARTS.
 - g. Engine Compartment and General Condition CHECK.
 - h. Propeller and Spinner EXAMINE FOR NICKS, SECURITY and OIL LEAKS.

- i. Cowl Flap SECURE.
- j. Fuel Strainer DRAIN.
- 6. a. Fuel Vent (Wing Locker Tank) CLEAR.
 - b. Fuel Sump (Auxiliary Tank and Wing Locker Transfer Line) DRAIN.
 - c. Fuel Quantity (Auxiliary Tank) CHECK, CAP SECURE.
 - d. Wing Tie Down REMOVE.
 - e. Fuel Quantity (Main Tank) CHECK, CAP SECURE.
 - f. Fuel Vent and Sniffle Valve CLEAR.
 - g. Fuel Sump (Main Tank)- DRAIN.
 - h. Aileron CHECK CONDITION and FREEDOM OF MOVEMENT.
 - i. Control Surface Lock REMOVE.
 - j. Flaps CHECK SECURITY and ATTACHMENT.
 - k. Nacelle Baggage Door SECURE.
 - 7. a. Static Port CLEAR.
 - b. Control Surface Lock REMOVE.
 - c. Tie Down REMOVE.
 - d. Static Port CLEAR.
 - e. Cabin Door, General Condition and Security CHECK.
 - (1) Preflight Inspection COMPLETE.
 - (2) Cabin Door Safety LATCHED.
 - (3) Control Lock OFF.
 - (4) Seat and Seat Belts ADJUST and SECURE.
 - (5) Landing Gear Switch DOWN.
 - (6) Emergency Power Switch OFF.
 - (7) Voltage Regulator Switch MAIN.
 - (8) Circuit Breakers IN.
 - (9) Switches OFF.
 - (10) Auxiliary Fuel Pump Switches OFF.
 - (11) Magneto Switches OFF.
 - (12) Battery and Alternators ON.

NOTE

When using external power source, do not turn on the battery or alternator switches until external power source is disconnected to avoid damage to the alternators and a weak battery draining off part of the current being supplied by the external source.

- (13) Parking Brake SET.
- (14) Lighting Rheostats OFF.
- (15) Cowl Flaps OPEN.
- (16) Altimeter and Clock SET.
- (17) Heater Overheat T & B Press-to-test.
- (18) Cabin Door Not Locked Light OFF Press-to-test.

NOTE

If top half of door is still open, the light will not go out.

- (19) Gear Retracted Light Press-to-test.
- (20) Gear Extend Lights ON.
- (21) Wing Flaps UP.
- (22) Cabin Air Controls AS REQUIRED.
- (23) Fuel Quantity CHECK.
- (24) Radios OFF.
- (25) Throttles Open, one inch.
- (26) Propellers FORWARD.
- (27) Mixtures FULL RICH.
- (28) Fuel Selectors Left Engine LEFT MAIN (feel for detent).

 Right Engine RIGHT MAIN (feel for detent).

STARTING ENGINES (Left Engine First)

NORMAL START (NO EXTERNAL POWER)

- (1) Propellers CLEAR.
- (2) Magneto Switches ON.
- (3) Left Engine START.
 - (a) Starter Button PRESS.
 - (b) Primer Switch Left Engine LEFT.
 Right Engine RIGHT.

CAUTION

• If the primer switch is actuated longer than two or three seconds with the engine inoperative on the ground, damage may be incurred to the engine and/or aircraft due to excessive fuel accumulation.

- During very hot weather, caution should be exercised to prevent overpriming the engines.
- The auxiliary fuel pump switches should be placed to the LOW position after the engine has started, to assure vapor clearing and purging of the fuel system.
- (4) Auxiliary Fuel Pump LOW.

(5) Throttle - 1000 to 1200 RPM.

- (6) Oil Pressure 10 PSI minimum in 30 seconds in normal weather or 60 seconds in cold weather. If no indication appears, shutdown engine and investigate.
- (7) Right Engine START (repeat steps 1 through 6).
- (8) Alternators CHECK
- (9) Regulators CHECK
- (10) Radios ON.

STARTING ENGINES (Left Engine First)

WITH EXTERNAL POWER SOURCE

- (1) Battery and Alternators OFF.
- (2) External Power Source PLUG IN.
- (3) Propeller CLEAR.
- (4) Magneto Switches ON.
- (5) Left Engine START.
 - (a) Starter Button PRESS.
 - (b) Primer Switch Left Engine LEFT.
 Right Engine RIGHT.

CAUTION

- If the primer switch is actuated longer than two or three seconds with the engine inoperative on the ground, damage may be incurred to the engine and/or aircraft due to excessive fuel accumulation.
- During very hot weather, caution should be exercised to prevent overpriming the engines.
- The auxiliary fuel pump switches should be placed to the LOW position after the engine has started, to assure vapor clearing and purging of the fuel system.

- (6) Auxiliary Fuel Pump LOW.
- (7) Throttle 1000 to 1200 RPM.
- (8) Oil Pressure 10 PSI minimum in 30 seconds in normal weather or 60 seconds in cold weather. If no indication appears, shutdown engine and investigate.
- (9) Right Engine START (repeat steps 3 through 8).
- (10) External Power Source UNPLUG.
- (11) Battery and Alternators ON.
- (12) Alternators CHECK.
- (13) Regulators CHECK
- (14) Radios ON.

BEFORE TAKEOFF

- (1) Parking Brake SET.
- (2) Throttles 1700 RPM.
- (3) Alternators CHECK.
- (4) Regulators CHECK.
- (5) Magnetos CHECK (150 RPM maximum drop with a maximum of 50 RPM difference).
- (6) Propellers Check feathering to 1200 RPM; return to HIGH RPM.
- (7) Vacuum System CHECK (4.75 to 5.25 in. Hg).
- (8) With Optional Electric Directional Gyro, Gyro Pwr. Fail Light Out CHECK.
- (9) Trim Tabs SET.
- (10) Alternate Air Controls IN.
- (11) Flight Controls CHECK, FREE and CORRECT.
- (12) Cowl Flaps OPEN.
- (13) Cabin Door LOCKED.
- (14) Wing Flaps 0°.
- (15) Engine Instruments CHECK, green arc.

NOTE

The engine oil temperature should be within the normal operating range prior to applying takeoff power. Even cautious power applications with cool oil may result in momentarily exceeding the 34.5 inches Hg. manifold pressure limits.

- (16) Fuel Quantity CHECK.
- (17) Flight Instruments and Radio SET.

(18) Fuel Selectors - RECHECK - Left Engine - LEFT MAIN (feel for detent).

Right Engine - RIGHT MAIN (feel for detent).

(19) Lights - AS REQUIRED.

(20) Auxiliary Fuel Pumps - ON.

(21) Parking Brake - RELEASE.

TAKEOFF

NORMAL TAKEOFF

(1) Power - Full throttle and 2700 RPM.

NOTE

Apply full throttle smoothly to avoid propeller surging and excessive manifold pressures. Do not exceed 34.5 inches Hg. manifold pressure at any time.

- (2) Elevator Control Raise nose wheel at 95 MPH IAS.
- (3) Minimum Control Speed 95 MPH IAS.
- (4) Break Ground and Climb Out at 105 MPH IAS.

AFTER TAKEOFF

- (1) Brakes APPLY MOMENTARILY.
- (2) Landing Gear RETRACT (check amber light ON).
- (3) Climb Speed 126 MPH IAS (best multi-engine rate-of-climb speed) or (set up climb speed as shown in Normal Climb paragaraph).
- (4) Auxiliary Fuel Pumps OFF.
- (5) Cowl Flaps AS REQUIRED.

CLIMB

NORMAL CLIMB

- (1) Power 29.5 Inches Hg and 2450 RPM.
- (2) Airspeed 130 160 MPH IAS

(3) Mixture - Adjust to climb fuel flow.

(4) Cowl Flaps - AS REQUIRED.

(5) Auxiliary Fuel Pumps - ON (above 12, 000 feet altitude to minimize vapor formation).

MAXIMUM PERFORMANCE CLIMB

- (1) Power Full throttle and 2700 RPM below 16, 000 feet.
 Placarded manifold pressure above 16, 000 feet.
- (2) Airspeed 126 MPH IAS
- (3) Cowl Flaps AS REQUIRED.
- (4) Auxiliary Fuel Pumps ON (above 12,000 feet altitude to minimize vapor formation).

CRUISING

(1) Cruise Power - 15-29. 5 Inches Hg and 2100 - 2450 RPM.

(2) Mixtures - LEAN for desired cruise fuel flow as determined from your Cessna Model 401A Power Computer.

(3) Cowl Flaps - AS REQUIRED.

- (4) Fuel Selectors MAIN TANKS for first 60 minutes. After 60 minutes of flight, if optional fuel tanks are installed, fuel selectors may then be placed in AUXILIARY position. (feel for detent)
 - (a) If wing locker tanks are installed, fuel selectors MAIN TANKS or, after wing locker tanks are transferred and main tank quantity is less than 30 gallons each AUXIL-IARY TANK.

NOTE

Turn auxiliary fuel pumps to LOW and mixtures to FULL RICH when switching tanks.

- (b) If wing locker tanks are installed, crossfeed SELECT as required to maintain fuel balance after wing locker fuel transfer.
- (5) Trim Tabs ADJUST.

LETDOWN

- (1) Power AS REQUIRED.
- (2) Mixture Adjust for smooth operation with gradual enrichment as altitude is lost.
- (3) Cowl Flaps AS REQUIRED.

NOTE

Avoid steep power-off letdowns with low fuel.

BEFORE LANDING

- (1) Fuel Selectors Left Engine LEFT MAIN (feel for detent).

 Right Engine RIGHT MAIN (feel for detent).
- (2) Auxiliary Fuel Pumps ON.
- (3) Cowl Flaps CLOSED.
- (4) Alternate Air Controls IN.
- (5) Mixtures FULL RICH or lean as required for smooth operation.
- (6) Propellers FORWARD.
- (7) Wing Flaps 15° below 180 MPH CAS.
- (8) Landing Gear Extend below 160 MPH CAS.
- (9) Landing Gear Position Indicator Lights Check green lights ON.
- (10) Wing Flaps 15° 45° below 160 MPH CAS.
- (11) Minimum Multi-Engine Approach Speed 110 MPH IAS.
- (12) Minimum Single-Engine Control Speed 95 MPH IAS.

LANDING

- (1) Touchdown Main wheels first.
- (2) Landing Roll Lower nose wheel gently.
- (3) Braking As required.

GO-AROUND (Multi-Engine)

- (1) Increase engine speed to 2700 RPM and apply full throttle if necessary.
- (2) Reduce flaps setting to 15°.

(3) Trim airplane for climb.

(4) Retract flaps as soon as all obstacles are cleared and a safe altitude and airspeed are obtained.

NOTE

Do not retract landing gear if another landing approach is to be conducted.

AFTER LANDING

- (1) Auxiliary Fuel Pumps LOW (during landing roll).
- (2) Cowl Flaps OPEN.
- (3) Wing Flaps UP.

SECURE AIRCRAFT

- (1) Auxiliary Fuel Pumps OFF.
- (2) Radios OFF.
- (3) Throttles IDLE.
- (4) Propellers FORWARD.
- (5) Mixtures IDLE CUT-OFF.
- (6) Fuel Selectors OFF (if a long period of inactivity is anticipated).

NOTE

Do not leave the fuel selector handles in an intermediate position as fuel from the main tip tanks will transfer into the auxiliary tanks.

- (7) Switch Breakers OFF.
- (8) Magneto Switches OFF, after engines stop.
- (9) Battery and Alternator Switches OFF.
- (10) Parking Brake SET.
- (11) Control Lock INSTALL.
- (12) Cabin Door CLOSE.



SECTION IV OPERATING LIMITATIONS

OPERATIONS AUTHORIZED

Your Cessna with standard equipment, as certified under FAA Type Certificate A7CE, is approved for day and night operation under VFR and IFR conditions as set forth by the United States Government.

Your airplane must be operated in accordance with the Cessna Model 401A FAA Approved Airplane Flight Manual, which was provided to you with the rest of the papers in your airplane. The following information is a duplication of that presented in the Cessna Model 401A FAA Approved Airplane Flight Manual.

MANEUVERS-NORMAL CATEGORY

Your Cessna exceeds the requirements for airworthiness as set forth by regulations by the FAA. Spins and aerobatic maneuvers are not permitted in normal category airplanes in compliance with these regulations. In connection with the foregoing, the following gross weight and flight load factors apply.

Maximum Takeoff Weight	6300 lbs.
*Flight Load Factor (at design gross weight of	6300 lbs.)
Flaps UP	-1, 44G
Flaps DOWN	+2.0G

*The design load factors are 150% of the above and in all cases the structure exceeds design loads.

AIRSPEED LIMITATIONS (CAS)

Maximum Structural Cruising Sp	eed			
Level Flight or Climb .	•	•	•	230 MPH
Maximum Speed				
Flans Extended 15°.	•	•	•	180 MPH
Flaps Extended 15° - 45°	•	•	•	160 MPH
Gear Extended	•	•	•	160 MPH
Maximum Maneuvering Speed	•	•	•	180 MPH

^{*}The maximum speed at which you can use abrupt control travel.

AIRSPEED INDICATOR INSTRUMENT MARKINGS

The following is a list of the certificated calibrated airspeed (CAS) limitations for the airplane.

Never Exceed (glide or dive, smooth	oth a	ir) . 266 MPH (red line)
Caution Range	•	230 to 266 MPH (yellow arc)
Normal Operating Range	•	95 to 230 MPH (green arc)
Flap Operating Range (0° - 45°)		80 to 160 MPH (white arc)
Minimum Control Speed .	•	. 95 MPH (red line)
Best Single-Engine Rate of Climb	•	118 MPH (blue line)

ENGINE OPERATION LIMITATIONS

Maximum Power and Speed (for all operations) 300 BHP at 2700 RPM and 34.5 in. Hg. MP

ENGINE INSTRUMENT MARKINGS

OIL TEMPERATURE GAGES

Normal Operating Range		•		75° to 240° F (green arc)
Maximum Temperature	•	•	•	. 240° F (red line)

OIL PRESSURE GAGES

Idling Pressure				10 PSI (red line)
Normal Operating Range				30 to 60 PSI (green arc)
Maximum Pressure .	_	-	•	100 PSI (red line)

CYLINDER HEAD TEMPERATURE

Normal Operating Range			200° F to 460° F (green arc) 460° F (red line)
Maximum Temperature	_		400 F (red line)

MANIFOLD PRESSURE

Normal Operating Range			.15 to 29.5 in. Hg. (green arc)
Maximum Pressure .	•	·	34.5 in. Hg. (red line)

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE MANIFOLD PRESSURE								
ALTITUDE	MAX ALLOWABLE M. P.	ALTITUDE	MAX ALLOWABLE M. P.					
SEA LEVEL TO 16,000 18,000 20,000 22,000	34.5 31.8 29.5 27.3	24,000 26,000 28,000 30,000	25.1 23.0 22.0 19.0					

TACHOMETER

Normal Operating	Ran	ige	•	2	2100 t	:o 2	2450 RPM (green arc	;)
Maximum Speed		•		•			2700 RPM (red line	;)

FUEL FLOW

Normal Operating Pressure Minimum and Maximum		e	•	6.0 to 31.17 GPH (green arc)					
Fuel Flows		•	•	•	. 0 and 31.83 GPH (red line) 3.0 and 17.3 PSI (red line)				

WING LOCKERS

The wing lockers are intended primarily for low density items such as luggage and briefcases. The floor of the wing lockers, in particular, is primary structure; therefore, care should be exercised during loading and unloading to prevent damage. When loading high density objects, insure that adequate protection is available to prevent damage to any of the airplane's primary structure.

WEIGHT AND BALANCE

The following information will enable you to operate your Cessna Model 401A within the prescribed weight and center of gravity limitations. To figure the weight and balance for your particular aircraft, use Figures 4-1, 4-2, 4-3 and 4-4 as follows:

Take the licensed Empty Weight and Moment/1000 from the Weight and Balance Data Sheet, plus any changes noted on forms FAA-337, carried in your aircraft, and write them down in the proper columns of Figure 4-1. Using Figures 4-2 and 4-3, determine the moment/1000 of each item to be carried. Total the weight and moments/1000 and use Figure 4-4 to determine whether the point falls within the envelope and if loading is acceptable.

CARGO LOADING

If cargo is carried, it is necessary to properly locate and secure the load before flight and the following limitations must be followed:

- (1) Maximum cargo load aft of the front spar is not to exceed 1200 pounds.
- (2) Maximum cargo load in any 25 inch length of cabin is not to exceed 300 pounds.
- (3) Tie-downs shall be provided in such a manner that at least one forward and one aft tie-down will be available for each 100 pounds of cargo when tie-down rings are used, or 200 pounds when tie-down bolts are used, with a minumum of four tie-downs for any one piece of cargo. Tie-downs are to be located at seat stop hole locations only.
- A system of retention, suitable to the cargo being loaded and having strength compatable to the seat rail tie-downs, must be used.
- (5) The total aircraft loading must be consistent with the weight and balance limitations of the passenger configuration aircraft.
- (6) If the cargo has a smooth, reasonably flat lower surface, load densities of up to 200 pounds per square foot may be loaded on the floorboards. For higher density objects, with rough or sharp edged supports, suitable supports such as plywood or thin lumber should be employed to reduce the floor pressure load
- (7) The bulk and position of the loaded cargo should be such as to permit entrance and emergency exit of pilot and passenger.
- (8) See Weight and Balance Form for loading with camera provisions installed.

WE:	Sample Aircraft		Your Aircraft	
MODEL 401A SAMPLE PROBLEM	Weight (lbs)	Moment (lbsins. /1000)	Weight (lbs)	Moment (lbsins. /1000)
1. Licensed Empty Weight (Sample Aircraft)	4094.0	633.6		
2. Oil *(26 Qts. x 1.875 lb/qt.)	49.0	5. 6	49.0	5.6
3. Pilot & Front Passenger	340.0	46.6		
4. Center Passengers	340.0	59.7		
5. Rear Passengers	340.0	73.3		
6. 7 & 8 Place Passengers				
7. Fuel (gals. x 6 lbs./gal.) Main Tanks (100 gals.) Optional Wing Tanks Wing Locker Tanks	600.0 240.0 57.0			
8. Baggage Nose Cabin Wing Lockers	85.0 35.0 120.0	60.4 8.6 22.3		
9. Cargo A B C				
10. Total Aircraft Weight (Loaded)	6300.0	995.7		
11. Locate this point (6300.0 at 995.7) on Figure 4-4 and since this point falls within the envelope, the loading is acceptable.				

Figure 4-1

*Note: Normally full oil may be assumed for all flights.

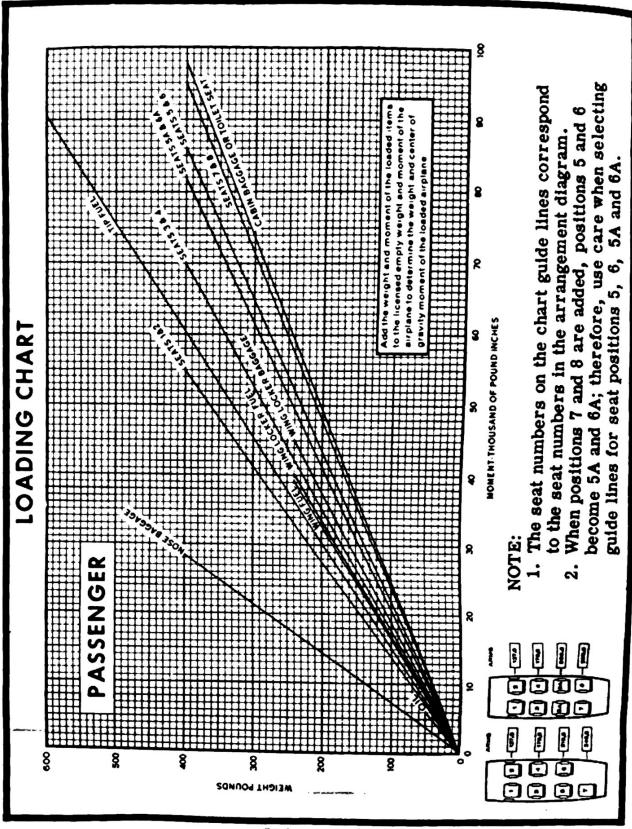


Figure 4-2

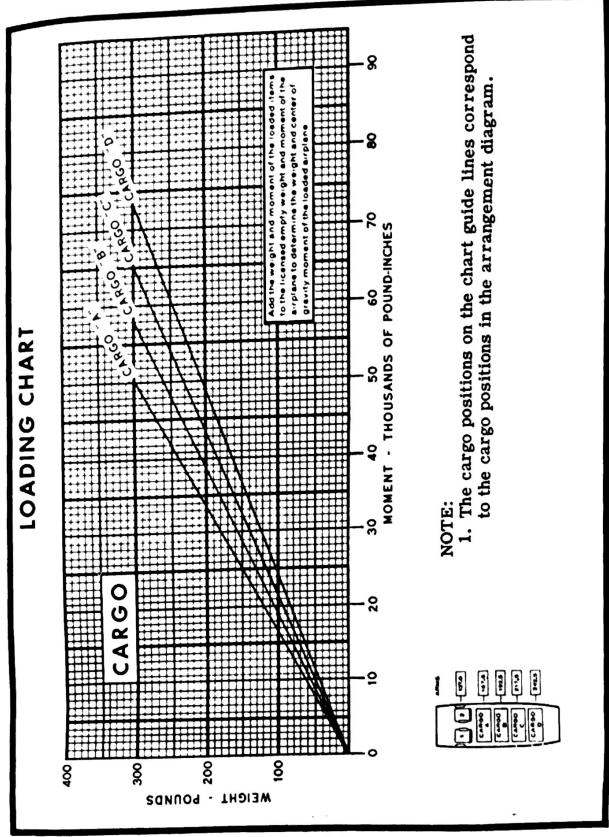


Figure 4-3

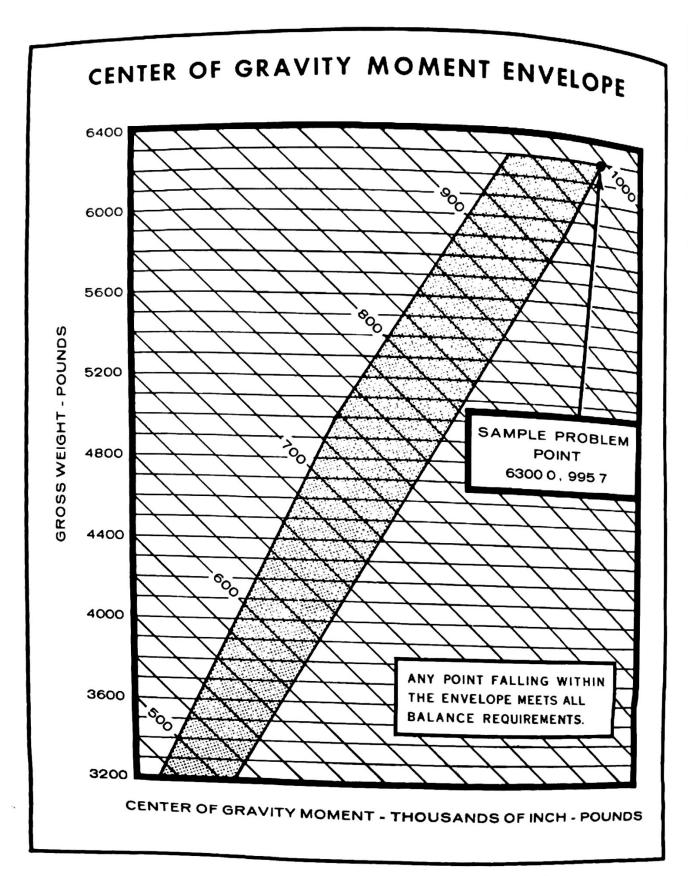


Figure 4-4



FOR SERVICE AT THE SIGN OF THE CESSNA SHIELD".

CESSNA AIRCRAFT COMPANY
WICHITA, KANSAS